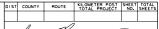
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o. C16576 PLANS APPROVAL DATE Exp. 6-30-01 The State of California or its officers or

# DESIGN EXAMPLES

## EXAMPLE NO. I

Given: Wall height 4200 mm

Design Loading Case II.

Base in embankment (1500 mm depth minimum See Note I) Select: 6:1 batter C wall gives II5 kPa foundation pressure.

Vertical Wall not permitted.

See chart for required numbers and sizes of timber members.

#### EXAMPLE NO. 2

Given: Wall height 5800 mm

Design Loading Case III. Base is in original ground. Foundation site investigation determines the allowable soil bearing capacity at 300 kPa.

Select: 6:1 batter D wall gives 335 kPa foundation pressure. Vertical wall not permitted. Since foundation pressure is greater than allowable bearing capacity of native material, replace original material with "Structure backfill" to increase base bearing capacity. (See Note 2)

### EXAMPLE NO. 3

Given: Wall height 6600 mm

Design Loading Case II. Base is in embankment. (See Note I)

Select: 6:1 batter D wall gives 230 kPa foundation pressure. Vertical wall not permitted. Foundation pressure is

DETAIL OF DESIGN LOADING CASES

less than 240 kPa. Base material below wall shall be compacted to a relative compaction of 95%. (See Note I).

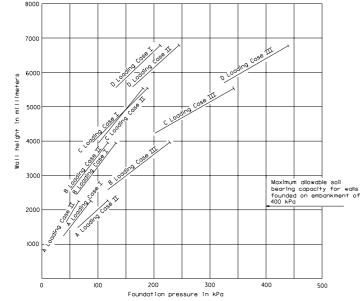
⊸II.5 kPa Surcharge -600 mm CASE I CASE II CASE III

> STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TIMBER CRIB WALL TYPES A, B, C AND D **DESIGN DATA** 

NO SCALE

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN



6: BATTERED WALL

#### LEGEND FOR GRAPH

- . A. B. C. D = Wall type.
- . Solid lines indicate normal range of wall use. Upper end of line indicates maximum wall height for a given wall type and loading.
- . For description of loading case see DETAIL OF DESIGN LOADING CASES

#### DESIGN NOTES

- I. WALL BASE IN EMBANKMENT: A minimum depth of I500 mm of embankment at 95% relative soil compaction is required below the base of all walls in order to constitute an embankment condition. When the foundation pressure is between 240 kPa and 400 kPa embankment below the wall shall consist of "Structure backfill" material as set forth in Section 19-3.06 of the Standard Specifications. The limits of relative compaction (95%) shall be as set forth in Section 19-5.03 of the Standard Specifications.
- 2. WALL BASE IN ORIGINAL GROUND: Allowable soil pressure at toe of wall shall be determined by foundation site investigation. Walls that are to retain cut slopes shall be designed for lateral and toe pressures determined from site investigation data. Overall stability of slope with wall in place must be analyzed. If original ground slopes away from toe of wall, reduction in allowable bearing capacity due to slope must be considered. Walls shall not be founded in original ground having an allowable bearing capacity of less than 145 kPa. Consideration should be given to removal and replacement of unsuitable material with "Structure backfill" material as set forth in Section 19-3.06 of the Standard Specifications. The limits of relative compaction (95%) shall be as set forth in Section 19-5.03 of the Standard Specifications.
- 3. Soil Parameters;

Backfill -  $\emptyset = 34^{\circ}, \chi = 19 \text{ kN/m}^3$ Foundation -  $\phi = 34^{\circ}$ 

Lateral earth pressure determined by Rankine Theory.